



# Implementation of Biot's Model in OpenFoam

CE5890-Multiphysics

Instructor: Prof. Zhen (Leo) Liu

Presenter: Ting Bao

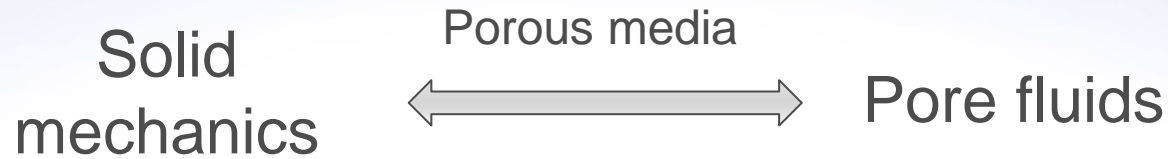
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# Outline

- **Meaningful to know Poroelasticity :**  
why I do
- **Governing equations of Poroelasticity:**  
what I know
- **Implementation of Poroelasticity in OpenFoam:**  
what I can do
- **Critical factors affecting the convergence:**  
what I learnt
- **Results validation:**  
how good I did
- **Conclusions:**  
what I got



# Meaningful to know Poroelasticity : why I do



## Various applications

- Evaluate disposal of wastes in the subsurface: groundwater withdrawal
- Predict hazards related to the compaction of a producing oil reservoir, e.g., land subsidence and borehole damage
- Describe tumor-induced stresses in the brain
- Predict the bone deformation under a mechanical load

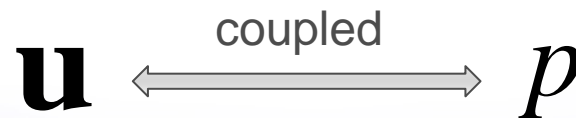


# Governing equations of Poroelasticity: what I know

$$\mu \nabla^2 \mathbf{u} + (\lambda + \mu) \nabla (\nabla \cdot \mathbf{u}) = \alpha \nabla p - \mathbf{b} \quad \text{Equilibrium}$$

$$\phi \beta \frac{\partial p}{\partial t} + \alpha \frac{\partial}{\partial t} (\nabla \cdot \mathbf{u}) - \frac{k}{\eta} \nabla^2 p = f \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{Continuity} \\ \text{Darcy's law} \end{array}$$

where  $\lambda$  and  $\mu$  are lames constants;  $\alpha$  is the Biot coefficient;  $p$  is pore water pressure;  $\mathbf{b}$  is body forces;  $\mathbf{u}$  is medium displacements where  $\phi$  is the porosity;  $\beta$  is the compressibility coefficient of fluid;  $k$  is the permeability of the porous medium;  $\eta$  is the dynamic viscosity of the fluid; and  $f$  is a scour term representing a forced extraction or injection process

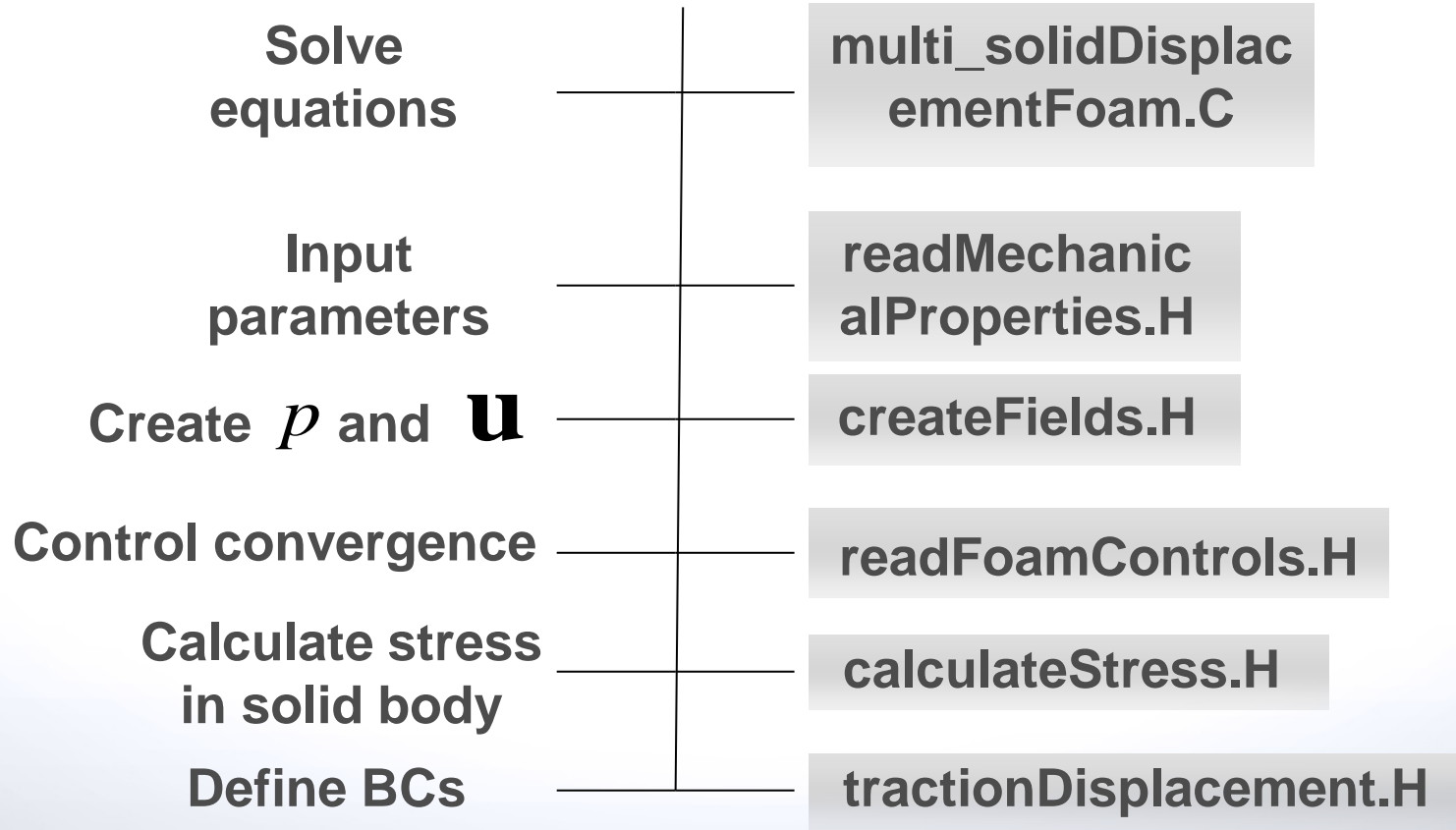




# Implementation of Poroelasticity in OpenFoam

Workflow of the multi\_solidDisplacementFoam solver

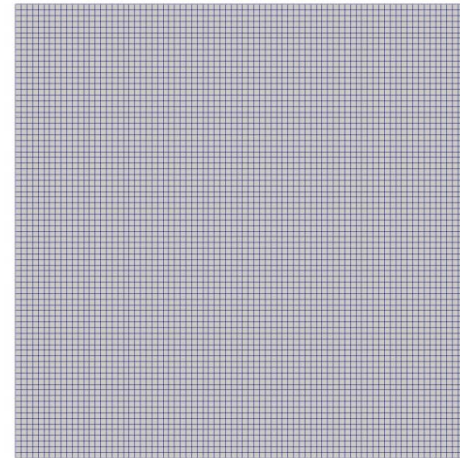
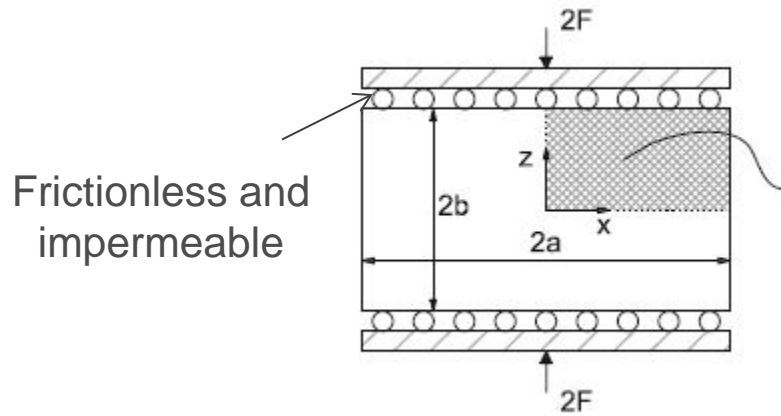
## multi\_solidDisplacementFoam



# Implementation of Poroelasticity in OpenFoam

## Case study

- 2D poroelastic slab loaded by a constant vertical force (Ferronato et al., 2010)



$$a=1 \text{ m}$$
$$b=1 \text{ m}$$
$$F=10000 \text{ N/m}$$



# Critical factors affecting the convergence

## Case study

- Needed parameters

Parameters	values
$k$ (m/s)	1e-5
$\phi$	0.375
$\eta$ (Pa s)	8.8e-4
$\mu$ (Pa)	40e6
$\lambda$ (Pa)	40e6
$\alpha$	1
B (Skempton's coefficient)	0.65
$\beta$ (Pa <sup>-1</sup> )	?

$$\frac{1}{K} \longleftrightarrow \beta$$

Solid compressibility (1e-8)                      Fluid compressibility ?

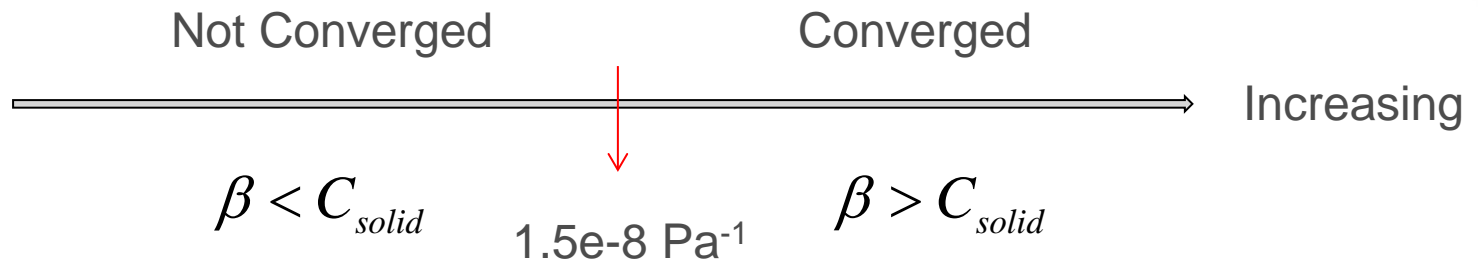




# Critical factors affecting the convergence

## Case study

- Critical parameter:  $\beta = 4.4e - 10 Pa^{-1}$  in the reference



$$C_{solid} = \frac{1}{K} = \frac{2(1+\nu)\mu}{3(1-2\nu)}$$

Solid  
compressibility  
( $1.5e-8 Pa^{-1}$ )

$$\beta = 2.5e - 8$$

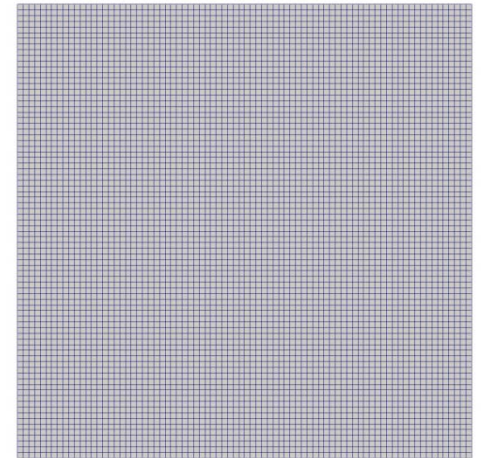
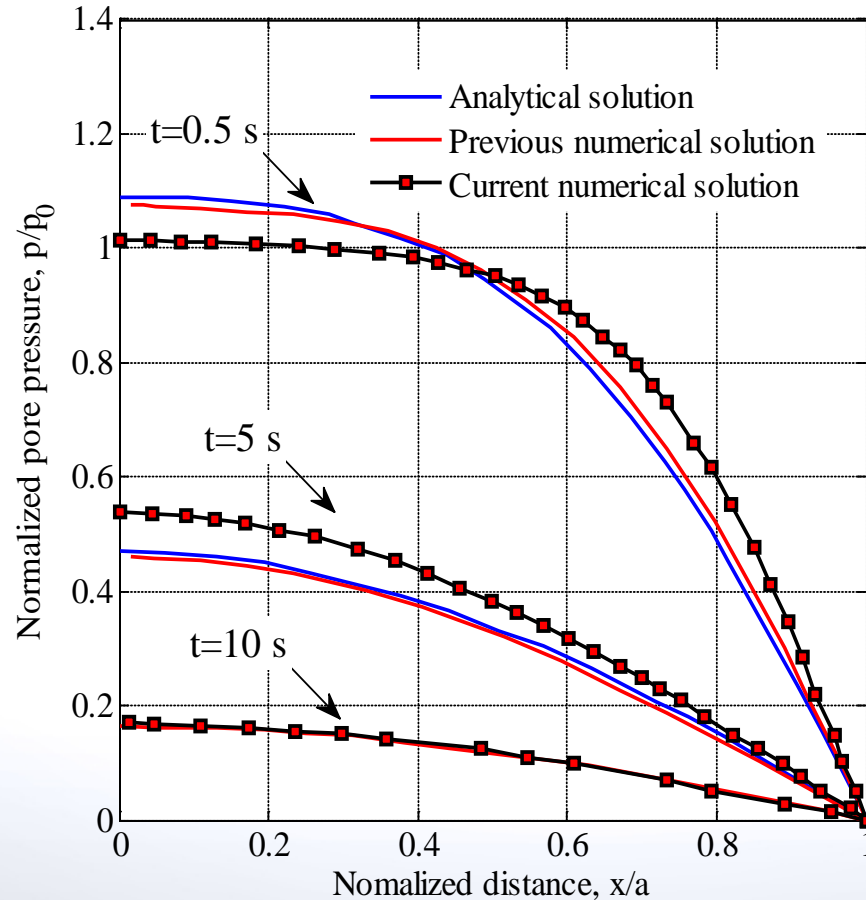
Fluid  
compressibility  
 $\phi\beta = 9.4e - 9$



# Results validation

## Case study

- Critical parameter:  $\beta = 2.5e - 8$



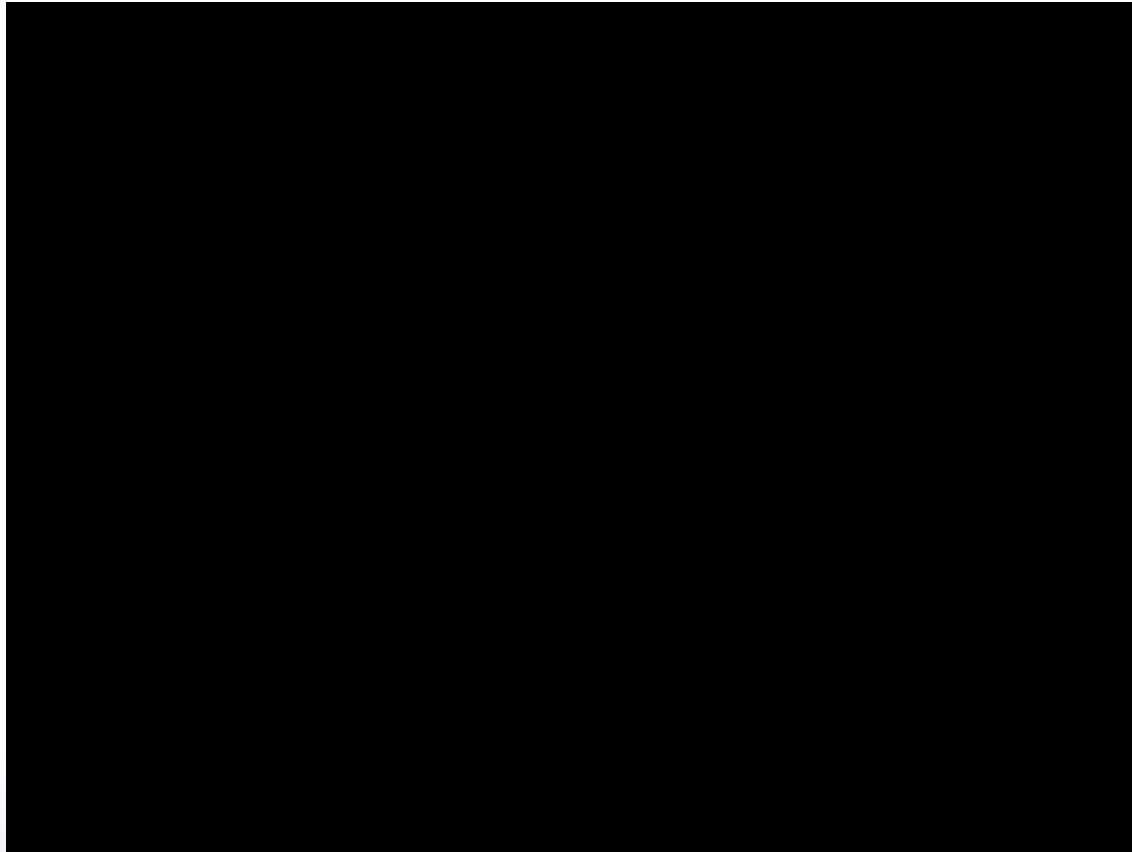
Pore pressure profile along the x-axis with time



# Results validation

## Case study

- Critical parameter:  $\beta = 2.5e - 8$



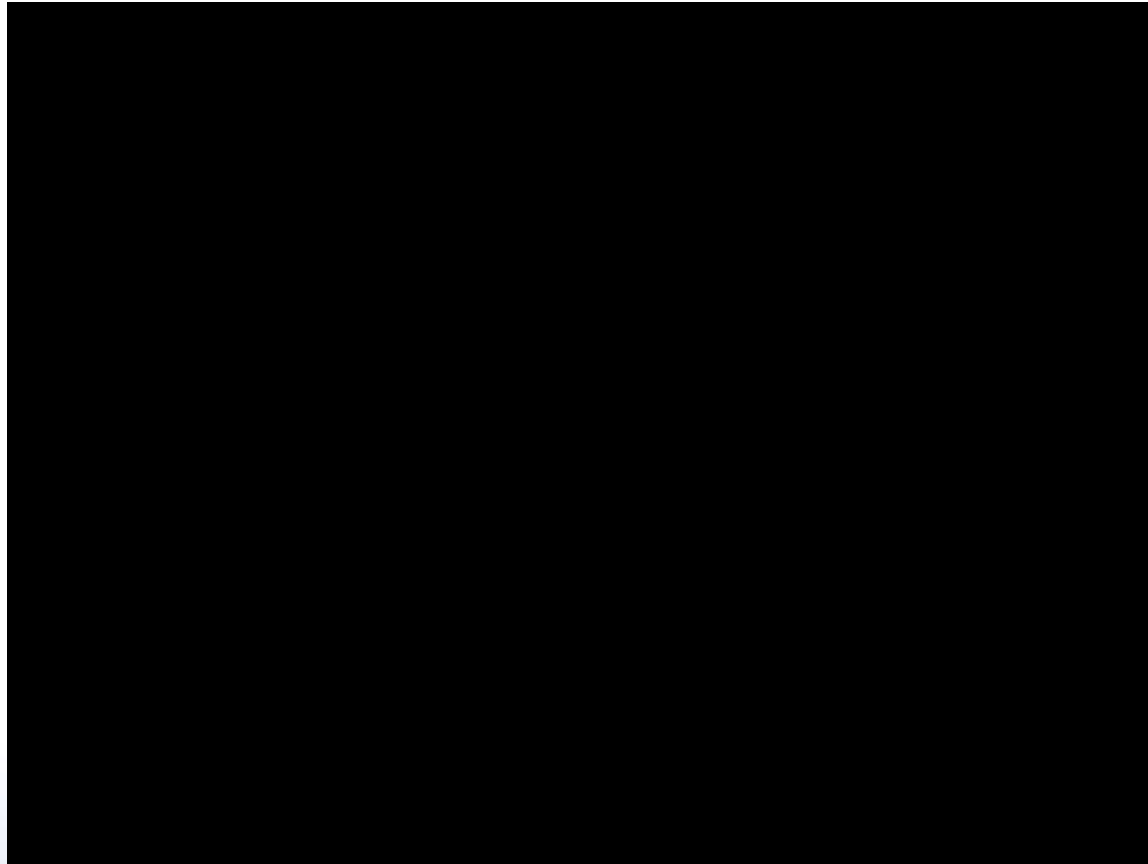
Variation of pore pressure (p) with respect to time within t=5 s



# Results validation

## Case study

- Critical parameter:  $\beta = 2.5e - 8$



Variation of displacement (u) with respect to time within t=5 s



# Conclusions: what I learnt

- Key factor affecting the convergence in OpenFoam: the relative compressibility of the fluid to the solid

$\beta < C_{solid}$                       Not Converged

$\beta \sim C_{solid}$                       Not Converged or converged

$\beta > C_{solid}$                       Converged

- Acceptable results but still remain unsolved issues





Questions?

Thank you